## **IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please amend the claims as indicated below. Following entry of these amendments, the following claims are pending in the application:

- 1. (Currently amended) A fusion protein comprising:
- (a) a mammalian surfactant protein precursor lacking its C-terminal propeptide, and
- (b) a mammalian plasminogen activator,

wherein the surfactant protein precursor is fused at its C-terminus to the N-terminus of the plasminogen activator, and wherein the mammalian surfactant protein is surfactant protein B (SP-B), and wherein the fusion protein retains the biological activities of the surfactant protein and the plasminogen activator.

- 2. (Original) The fusion protein of claim 1 wherein one of the protein components (a) or (b) is a human protein.
- 3. (Original) The fusion protein of claim 1, wherein both protein components (a) and (b) are human proteins.
- 4. (Cancelled).
- 5. (Cancelled).
- 6. (Currently amended) A fusion protein comprising:
- (a) a mature mammalian surfactant protein, and
- (b) a mammalian plasminogen activator,

wherein the mature surfactant protein is fused at its C-terminus or its N-terminus to the N-terminus or the C-terminus of the plasminogen activator, respectively, wherein the surfactant protein is selected from the group consisting of surfactant protein B (SP-B) and surfactant protein C (SP-C), and wherein the fusion protein retains the biological activities of the surfactant protein and the plasminogen activator.

- 7. (Original) The fusion protein of claim 6, wherein one of the protein components (a) or (b) is a human protein.
- 8. (Original) The fusion protein of claim 6, wherein both protein components (a) and (b) are human proteins.
- 9. (Cancelled).
- 10. (Original) The fusion protein of claim 6, wherein the mature surfactant protein is surfactant protein B (SP-B).
- 11. (Original) A fusion protein of claim 1, wherein the mammalian plasminogen activator is selected from the group consisting of high molecular weight two-chain urokinase-plasminogen activator (HMW-u-PA), low molecular weight two-chain u-PA (LMW-u-PA), low molecular weight u-PA B-chain, recombinant single-chain u-PA (r-scu-PA), tissue-plasminogen activator (t-PA), recombinant t-PA (rt-PA), its variants r-PA, n-PA, and TNK-t-PA, and catalytically active mutants of the plasminogen activator.
- 12. (Original) The fusion protein according to claim 1 comprising the surfactant protein B (SPB) precursor N-terminally fused to the low molecular weight two-chain u-PA (LMW-u-PA), as shown in SEQ ID NO: 19 and SEQ ID NO: 20, respectively.
- 13. (Original) The fusion protein according to claim 6 comprising the mature surfactant protein B (SP-B) fused to the low molecular weight two-chain u-PA (LMW-u-PA), as shown in SEQ ID NO: 25 and SEQ ED NO: 26, respectively.
- 14. (Original) The fusion protein of claim 1, further comprising one or more protein or peptide affinity tag tags at its positions selected from the N-terminus of the fusion protein, the C-terminus of the fusion protein, and both the N-terminus and C-terminus of the fusion protein.
- 15. (Currently amended) A nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a the fusion protein of claim 1.
- 16. (Previously presented) An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 6 or SEQ ID NO: 7.

- 17. (Currently amended) An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID No: 12 SEQ ID NO: 12 or SEQ ID NO: 13.
- 18. (Original) The nucleic acid molecule according to claim 15, wherein the nucleic acid molecule is operably linked to a regulatory sequence to allow expression of the nucleic acid molecule.
- 19. (Original) The nucleic acid molecule according to claim 18, wherein the regulatory sequence comprises a promoter sequence and a transcription termination sequence.
- 20. (Original) A vector comprising the nucleic acid molecule of claim 15.
- 21. (Currently amended) A host cell containing a the nucleic acid molecule of claim 15.
- 22. (Currently amended) A method for production of  $\frac{1}{2}$  the fusion protein of claim 1, comprising:

introducing a nucleic acid molecule encoding the fusion protein into a suitable vector, and introducing the recombinant vector obtained in (a) into a suitable host cell or into a suitable cell extract under conditions suitable for the expression of said nucleic acid molecule encoding the fusion protein, thereby producing the fusion protein.

- 23. (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a the fusion protein of claim 1.
- 24. (Canceled).
- 25. (Canceled).
- 26. (Canceled).
- 27. (Currently amended) A method of prevention and/or treatment of inflammatory and interstitial lung diseases, comprising administering a the fusion protein of claim 1 to a mammal at a dose sufficient to prevent and/or treat the disease.
- 28. (Original) The method according to claim 27, wherein the fusion protein is administered to a mammal by an administration selected from the group consisting of parenteral administration, non-parenteral (enteral) administration, and topical administration.

- 29. (Original) The method according to claim 28, wherein parenteral administration is by aerosol administration or intratracheal instillation.
- 30. (Previously presented) The fusion protein of claim 6, wherein the mammalian plasminogen activator is selected from the group consisting of high molecular weight two-chain urokinase-plasminogen activator (HMW-u-PA), low molecular weight two-chain u-PA (LMW-u-PA), low molecular weight u-PA B-chain, recombinant single-chain u-PA (r-scu-PA), tissue plasminogen activator (t-PA), recombinant t-PA (rt-PA), its variants r-PA, n-PA, and TNK-t-PA, and catalytically active mutants of the plasminogen activator.
- 31. (Currently amended) A nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a <u>the</u> fusion protein of claim 6.
- 32. (Currently amended) A method for production of  $\frac{1}{2}$  the fusion protein of claim 6, comprising:

introducing a nucleic acid molecule encoding the fusion protein into a suitable vector, and introducing the recombinant vector obtained in (a) into a suitable host cell or into a suitable cell extract under conditions suitable for the expression of said nucleic acid molecule encoding the fusion protein, thereby producing the fusion protein.

- 33. (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a the fusion protein of claim 6.
- 34. (Currently amended) A method of prevention and/or treatment of inflammatory and interstitial lung diseases, comprising administering a the fusion protein of claim 6 to a mammal at a dose sufficient to prevent and/or treat the disease.